

#### **PRINTING**









# Products for pigment printing

- binder
- crosslinker
- softener
- thickener
- antifoam
- pigments





# Classical recipe for clothing according to 0eko Tex Standard 100 for adults ( $\leq$ 70 ppm CH<sub>2</sub>0)

PERICOAT VA 110
PERICOAT CROSSLINKER MV
PERISOFT SE or PERIPRINT SOFT
PERIPRINT TN/PF
PERIFOAM NSI NEW
Pigment



#### PERICOAT VA 110

- self-crosslinking copolymer of vinyl acetate and ethylene
- soft handle
- no yellowing
- very good fastness properties



#### PERICOAT CROSSLINKER MV

- melamine based crosslinker
- contains formaldehyde
- only for Oeko Tex Class II, III



#### PERIPRINT SOFT

- special softener for polymer films
- based on silicone plus "plasticizer"
- more flexible polymer films



### PERIPRINT TN/PF

synthetic thickener

#### PERIFOAM NSI NEW

paraffin oil defoamer

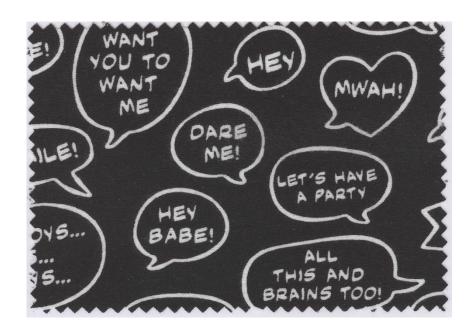


# Recipe:

PERICOAT VA 110	g/kg	120 – 200
PERIFOAM NSI NEW	g/kg	3
urea	g/kg	20
PERISOFT SE or PERIPRINT SOFT	g/kg	20 – 50
PERICOAT CROSSLINKER MV	g/kg	20 – 30
pigment	g/kg	X
PERIPRINT TN/PF	g/kg	20 – 25
water	g	у
	g	1000



#### Fastness properties:



#### Printed fabric

20 % PERICOAT VA 110

3 % PERICOAT CROSSLINKER MV

6.5 % black pigment



dry



wet

Fastness to rubbing according to DIN EN ISO 105-x-12





Recipe for Oeko Tex Standard 100 for baby and new born ( $\leq$  16ppm CH<sub>2</sub>O)

PERICOAT VA 110
PERIFOAM NSI NEW
PERISOFT SE or PERIPRINT SOFT
PERICOAT CROSSLINKER NF or AZ/L
PERIPRINT TN/PF
Pigment



#### PERICOAT CROSSLINKER NF

- blocked polyurethane/isocyanate
- deblocking temperature ≥ 140 °C
- totally free of formaldehyde



#### PERICOAT CROSSLINKER AZ/L

- unblocked aziridine crosslinker
- totally free of formaldehyde
- pot life 24 hours





#### Total formaldehyde-free recipe

PERICOAT AC 224 or
PERICOAT AC 211
PERIFOAM NSI NEW
PERISOFT SE or PERIPRINT SOFT
PERICOAT CROSSLINKER NF or
PERICOAT CROSSLINKER AZ/L
PERIPRINT TN/PF
Pigment



# PERICOAT AC 224 PERICOAT AC 211

- very soft and flexible
- high pigment carrying capacity
- good durability in washing
- crosslinking at low temperature



# Printing with natural thickeners



#### Natural thickeners



- alginate
- guar gum
- tamarind
- starch ether







#### Natural thickeners



- polysaccharides
- distinct swelling capacity
- dispersed in water they are forming stable colloidal systems

PERIGUM A .... (alginate)

PERIGUM G .... (guar gum)

PERIGUM T ... (tamarind)

PERIGUM S ... (starch ether)

#### Natural thickeners



- depolymerisation leads from high viscous (high molecular) thickeners to middle or low viscous thickeners
- due to depolymerisation higher quantities of thickeners are required

#### stock paste:

high molecular thickener: 2 – 4 %

middle molecular thickener: 4 – 8 %

low molecular thickener: 8 – 12 %



# Printing with reactive dyes







# Recipe:

PERIGUM A (stock thickener, 8 %)	g/kg	700
Sodium bicarbonate	g/kg	20 – 35
PERISTAL OX	g/kg	13
Urea	g/kg	100 – 200
Reactive dye	g/kg	X
Balance (water/stock thickener)	g/kg	у
	g	1000

### Printing of cotton with reactive dyes



- only alginate as a natural thickener can be used
- dyestuff is sprinkled into the paste followed by highspeed stirring
- for fixing the dyestuff alkali is necessary. Sodium bicarbonat is normally used
- fixation:

saturated steam:

superheated steam:

hot air:

5 - 10 min at 100 - 103 °C

3 - 5 min at 140 - 160 °C

3 - 5 min at 150 °C

1 min at 190 °C





# Recipe:

PERIGUM A (stock thickener, 8 %)	g/kg	400
Sodium bicarbonate	g/kg	20 – 35
PERISTAL OX	g/kg	13
Urea	g/kg	100 – 200
PERIPRINT TN/R	g/kg	20
Reactive dye	g/kg	X
Balance (water/stock thickener)	g/kg	у
	g	1000





# Recipe:

Urea	g/kg	100 – 200
Sodium bicarbonate	g/kg	20 – 35
PERISTAL OX	g/kg	13
PERIPRINT TN/R	g/kg	45 – 60
Reactive dye	g/kg	X
water	g/kg	у
	g	1000





#### Washing-off:

- rinse cold
- rinse hot (80 90 °C)
- soaping with 3 g/l PERLAVIN SRD at the boiling point
- rinse warm
- rinse cold
- neutralise







PERIGUM T/9F (stock thickener 8 %)	g/kg	550
PERISTAL MC/P	g/kg	100
Glycerol	g/kg	20
Urea	g/kg	100
Balance (water/stock thickener)	g/kg	350
	g	1000

Saturated steam conditions:

10 min at 100 - 103 °C

Dry curing:

6 min. 160 °C







PERISTAL MC/P	g/kg	100
Glycerol	g/kg	20
Urea	g/kg	100
PERIPRINT TN/R	g/kg	50 – 70
water	g/kg	X
	g	1000

Saturated steam conditions:

10 min at 100 - 103 °C

Dry curing:

6 min. 160 °C



# White discharge printing



# Washing off

- cold rinse
- warm rinse 40 60 °C  $2 \text{ ml/l H}_2\text{O}_2$
- cold rinse
- warm rinse 60 70 °C
- cold rinse

# White discharge printing





saturated steam 102 °C, 10 min



150 °C, 5 min

# White discharge printing of cotton







without washing



hot air fixation



saturated steam

washed off

# White discharge printing



R	Δ		n	Δ	•
1 1	J	C	Ρ	J	

water	g/l	X
Urea	g/l	100
Glycerol	g/l	40
PERISTAL MC/P	g/l	100
PERICOAT AC 224	g/l	150
Solution of diammonium phosphate (25 %)	g/l	20
PERICOLOR WHITE P/MFM	g/l	100
PERISTAL TEA	g/l	3
PERIPRINT TN/PF	g/l	50 - 60
	g	1 000

Drying and Curing: 6 min 160 °C

# White discharge printing of cotton







without washing



without pigment



with white pigment

washed off



# Printing of polyester



# Polyester printing with natural thickener



#### Recipe:

PERIGUM T/9F (stock thickener 8 %)	g/kg	750
PERISTAL DC conc.	g/kg	pH 5 – 6
PERISTAL OX	g/kg	0 – 5
PERIGEN EC	g/kg	0 – 5
Disperse dye	g/kg	X
Balance (water or stock thickener)	g/kg	у
	g	1000

#### **Fixation:**

superheated steam 6 – 8 min at 180 – 165 °C hot air 1 – 2 min at 210 – 180 °C

# Printing of polyester with disperse dyes



- guar gum or tamarind are normally used. Blends with starch ether or alginate are common to optimize levelness, dyestuff yield or washability
- depending on the disperse dyestuff, it can be sprinkled directly into the paste or pre-dispersed with water (40 °C)
- to prevent disperse dyes from reduction during fixation, an oxidizing agent like PERISTAL OX is recommended
- depending on the disperse dye and the fixation conditions, a fixation accelerator like PERIGEN EC can be added to increase the dye sorption

# Printing of polyester with disperse dyes



#### **Fixation:**

superheated steam: 6 – 8 min at 165 – 180 °C

hot air: 1 – 2 min at 180 – 210 °C



### Printing of polyester with disperse dyes



#### Washing off:

- rinse cold
- rinse warm
- reductive clearing at 50 70 °C with

PERISTAL MC liq. or RCV	g/l	2 – 5
NaOH 50 %	ml/l	1 – 2

- rinse warm
- rinse cold
- neutralise

### Polyester printing with synthetic thickener



#### Stock thickening:

PERIPRINT TN/PF	g/kg	15 – 20
water		

#### Recipe:

Disperse dye	g/kg	X
Stock thickener	g/kg	800 – 900
Balance (water or stock thickener)	g/kg	у

#### **Fixation:**

superheated steam 6 – 8 min at 180 – 170 °C hot air 60 – 90 sec at 200 – 180 °C

### Discharge printing of polyester



### Dyeing:

Dischargeable dyes	g/l	X
PERIPRINT MIP	g/l	10 – 20
PERISTAL OX	g/l	10

**Padding** 

Drying: 2 min at 100 °C

#### Discharge printing of polyester



#### Discharge printing:

PERIGUM TA/9F (8 – 10 %) or PERIGUM G/E8 (8 – 12 %)	g/kg	600
PERIBLANC PES conc.	g/kg	0 – 10
PERIGEN ZMS	g/kg	100 – 200
Ammonium chloride	g/kg	20
Balance (water or stock thickener)	g/kg	у
	g	1000

Drying: 2 min at 100 °C

Steaming: superheated steam, 7 min at 175 °C

## Printing of polyester with disperse dyes



#### Washing off:

- rinse cold
- rinse warm
- reductive clearing at 50 70 °C with

PERISTAL MC liq. or RCV	g/l	2 – 5
NaOH 50 %	ml/l	1 – 2

- rinse warm
- rinse cold
- neutralise



## Printing of nylon



## Printing of polyamide with acid or metal-complex dyes



### Recipe:

Acid / metal complex dye	g/kg	X
PERISOL BG	g/kg	20 – 50
Hot water	g/kg	у
PERIGUM G/E (stock thickener 8 %)	g/kg	600
Urea	g/kg	50
Ammonium sulphate (33 %)	g/kg	30 – 60
PERIFOAM NSI NEW	g/kg	0.5 – 2
	g	1000

## Printing of polyamide with acid or metal-complex dyes



- dyestuff must be pre-dissolved with PERISOL BG and hot water
- guar gum or tamarind are normally used. Blends with starch ether or alginate are common to optimize levelness, dyestuff yield or washability
- urea is primarily used as an auxiliary for the dyestuff fixation
- for fixing the dyestuff ammonium sulphate as acid donor is used
- fixation:
  - saturated steam: 20 30 min at 100 103 °C

## Printing of polyamide with acid or metal-complex dyes



#### washing off:

- rinse cold with 1 g/l PERLAVIN SRS
- soap at 30 40 °C with 2 g/l PERLAVIN SRS at pH 9.5 – 10.0 (at least for 5 min)
- soap at 40 50 °C with 2 g/l PERLAVIN SRS at pH 9.5 – 10.0 (at least for 5 min)
- rinse cold
- neutralise



#### Discharge printing of polyamide



#### Recipe:

PERIGUM G/E (stock thicker 8 %)	g/kg	300
PERISOL BG	g/kg	40
PERICOLOR WHITE P/MFN	g/kg	70
Ammonium chloride	g/kg	40
PERIGEN ZMS	g/kg	200
Balance (water/stock thickener)	g	X
		1000

#### Steaming:

saturated steam, 10 - 20 min at 102 °C

#### Discharge printing of polyamide



Washing off

cold rinse

warm rinse 40 - 60 °C 2 ml/l H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>

cold rinse

warm rinse 60 - 70 °C

cold rinse

#### Discharge printing of polyamide





without washing



washed off



### **Effect printing**



#### Foil lamination



# Compound for laminating hot stamping foils on textiles Recipe:

PERICOAT FL	g/kg	985 – 995
PERIPRINT TN/PF	g/kg	5 – 15

Drying: 110 – 120 °C

Laminating: 160 - 180 °C

with heated calendar or ironing press







#### **Reflecting Prints**



#### PERICOAT FLEX



without direct light



reflecting effects with light



Print with cationizer

PERIGUM G/SD 205 (2 % stock thickener)

900 g/kg

PERFIXAN F 5000

100 g/kg

Drying: 3 min 100 °C

Fixing: 2 min 160 °C



### **Dyeing**

0.5 % Acid dyes (Norasol Red 2B)

20 g/l NaCl

30 min 80 °C

Rinse



Dye fixing, softening

40 g/l PERFIXAN AMZ 40 g/l PERISOFT NANO

**Drying** 















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The above indications are based on the latest state of our knowledge. Due to different operational conditions and requirements these are guidelines only. A legally binding assurance cannot be drawn from our indications. Our technical staff will always be at your disposal to support you in testing our auxiliaries and to answer further technical questions.

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